

## PAST DRAGGED UP.

Senate Yesterday Considered the Hawaiian Question.

Senators Kyle and Frye Demand Immediate Action.

## TARIFF GONE OVER.

More Time Spent in Considering the Schedules.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—At the opening of the session of the senate yesterday Mr. Kyle urged the passage of his resolution declaring it was not the purpose of the United States to use force to restore Lilluokalani as queen of the Hawaiian islands, and that any foreign interference with those islands would be considered an act of hostility to the United States.

Mr. Daniel, Democrat of Virginia, objected to action on the resolution until the resolution on the same subject reported by the foreign affairs committee had first been acted upon.

Mr. Frye, Republican of Maine, advocated the passage of this or a similar resolution, saying he had information from two responsible persons to the effect the moment the senate acted the queen would resign all pretense to the throne and accept a money compensation therefor. This being the condition on the island, in the name of humanity he appealed to the senate to pass this or similar resolutions. At this point the hour of 10:30 arrived. The resolution went over and the tariff bill was taken up.

Mr. Hale, Republican of Maine led off with a sarcastic comment on Mr. Gorman's speech of Wednesday, saying the senator from Maryland had emerged from his seclusion just at the time when his party stood discredited; its ranks broken; its coherency of action lost; an indignant people showing its distrust; the newspapers piling up denunciations after denunciations, and with a panic imminent on his own side of the chamber. The bill, as it now stood, Mr. Hale said, had no responsible parents. It was a political bastard. It was the result of the intercourse of those who had abandoned party principle with the easy virtues of a few protected industries and the habitual prostitution of the trusts. It had its origin in the back room of a New York office.

The Aldrich amendment to increase the duty on tin plate to 1 1/2 cents per pound was laid on the table—36 to 26. The Jones tin plate amendment was then adopted, fixing the duty at 1 1/5 cents, as was also the Jones amendment grading the duty on steel ingots, blooms, etc., according to size, value, etc.

The surprise of the day was the acceptance by the financial committee of an amendment offered by Mr. Allen, the Nebraska Populist, to place barred wire on the free list. Several Republicans opposed it, but did not carry their opposition to the extent of demanding a record-making vote upon it.

An intimation from Mr. Hoar that barred wire was to be the price of Mr. Allen's vote for the tariff bill was indignantly denied.

Mr. Powers' amendment, to include other classes of fence-wire, was defeated.

The following rates were adopted: Anchors, 1 1/2-20 cents per pound; axes, 1 1/2 cents; anvils, 1 1/2 cents; blacksmiths' tools, 1 1/2 cents; boiler tubes, 1 1/2 cents; bolts, 1 1/2 cents; cast-iron pipe, 6-10 cent; cast-iron vessels, stove plates, etc., 8-10 cent; malleable castings, 9-10 cent; cast hollow ware, 2 cent; chains 30 per cent; cutlery, graded according to the value, and averaging about 35 per cent; shotguns and rifles, 30 per cent. At 6 o'clock the senate adjourned.

## DOCKING STILL GOES.

The House Defeats Hayes' Amendment to the Legislative Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—After clearing the table of some routine business, at 12:30 o'clock the house went into committee of the whole, to consider the legislative appropriation bill, and Mr. Richardson was called to the chair. The Republicans were successful in their efforts to amend the pension paragraph so as to strike out the \$300,000 appropriation for special investigation of alleged frauds.

At 3:50 the committee of the whole completed the consideration of the bill, and it was reported to the house. Separate votes were demanded on the amendment of Mr. Hayes (Democrat) of Iowa declaring the law repealed authorizing the docking of members' salaries, and on the amendment striking out the appropriations for the civil service. The Hayes anti-docking amendment was defeated, 104 to 127.

The amendment of Mr. Enloe, Democrat of Tennessee, striking out the appropriation for the Civil Service commission was lost, 80 to 138, amid Republican applause. The legislative bill was then passed.

## Baseball Results.

At Sioux City—Indianapolis 14, Sioux City 9.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee 14, Toledo 4.

At Louisville—Louisville 6, Cincinnati 0.

At Cleveland—Pittsburg 6, Cleveland 5.

At Chicago—Chicago 6, St. Louis 1.

An Ex-Postmaster of Rolla Arrested.

St. Louis, Mo., May 24.—Hamilton E. Baker, ex-postmaster of Rolla, Mo., has been arrested at that place by Deputy Marshal Burke on two charges, one of embezzlement of government funds, and one of forgery.

Fort Riley, May 30, 1894.

A fine program is arranged for the entertainment of visitors. See the artillery and cavalry drills, dress parade, squadron in camp, decoration day exercises in the nation's cemetery and hear the post's fine military band.

Read the "Wants." Many of them are as interesting as news items. See if it is not so.

## HUNTINGTON'S VIEWS.

The Railway Magnate on the Pacific Roads Debt Question.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Representatives of the Central Pacific railway appeared before the house committee on Pacific roads to give their views on the Pacific railroad bill introduced by Chairman Kelley of Pennsylvania.

President Huntington spoke at length on the distinct and counteracting in organizing and building the road in the early '60s. The impression abroad that the builders had been made rich, he said, was erroneous and he detailed some of the extraordinary expenses the builders had been compelled to meet. When the road was completed there were no government bonds left, but many debts. The company had always managed to keep its credit good. Coal, which had to be imported at first from Australia, was a great expense. Shares had to be sold at from 75 to 80 to pay the debts. Wells, Fargo and company had been paid \$1,500,000 for carrying the mails, and the Central Pacific received but \$300,000 or \$400,000.

Chairman Kelley suggested the last of the first mortgage bonds would mature in 1899 and inquired what the road proposed to do.

The president replied great roads almost never paid their first mortgage bonds. They were replaced by other issues. He was anxious to pay the debt but as long as the government was drawing its interest time was no object to it.

Replying to a question from Representative Boatner, Mr. Huntington said he had submitted no plan of reorganization. The bill submitted to the senate committee was not his own plan, but he was pleased with it because it outlined a plan by which all the creditors would get their money and under which the road could live. By selling another issue of mortgage bonds to replace the original, the government could place \$10,000,000 in the treasury in ninety days. One hundred and ten million dollars would be required for a mortgage bond issue at 2 1/2 per cent to cover the debts of the road to the government and all other parties, the government guaranteeing all the issue. He was certain the earnings of the road would be sufficient to defray its current obligations.

Representative Boatner reminded President Huntington the government had paid interest for years on the bonds, saying the supposition had been the road was to pay back interest and inquired whether the road intended to pay the government on the \$40,000,000 it had expended in that way.

Mr. Huntington replied no, and said that basing the matter purely on grounds of equity the road should pay the government nothing because the government had crippled the road by subsidizing rivals which took away much of the business. He did not question the policy of the government in this respect, but considering it solely as a financial transaction it had its bearing on this contract. Mr. Huntington knew of no plan without an extension of time, assuring the committee the owners of the road would not administer it for 100 years without getting anything out of it.

## THE TARIFF MANAGERS.

They Again Warn the Republicans to Make a Little More haste.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The managers of the tariff bill in the senate grew somewhat restive yesterday on account of the delay which has occurred over the tariff bill during the past day or two. There was a consultation between Senators Harris, Jones, Vest, Brice, Cockrell and others, at which it was decided to notify the Republican senate that the progress made was not satisfactory, and unless the bill moved along a little more rapidly longer hours would inevitably result. Several Republican senators who are the beneficiaries of concessions in the compromise and other amendments to the bill were informed that the men on the Democratic side who are responsible for these concessions, and who have insisted upon these being retained, would yield to the pressure upon them and consent to having the Jones and committee amendments laid on the table.

This made a number of Republicans uneasy and they have replied that the Democrats should insist upon longer hours, and it would be shown that Republicans would help make a quorum. It was asserted that the Republicans who were willing to have the bill move along could not control those who were inclined to have the debate take the widest possible range, and this could only be met with a lengthening of the hours.

## Kansas Colored Men After Office.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—C. H. J. Taylor stood on the steps of the capitol yesterday with a bundle of dispatches so large that his mammoth right hand could hardly grasp them.

"Are those dispatches congratulating you on your victory?" was asked him.

"Some of them are," was his reply; "but nine-tenths of them are from Kansas colored men, who have applied for positions. I think half the colored men in the state want a job in the recorder's office."

## Will Exonerate Kyle and Hunt.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The senate bribery investigating committee has sent the testimony taken in the first part of its inquiry relating to the attempted bribery of Senators Kyle and Hunt to the printer and expects to report to the senate within a few days the result of its investigation. It is understood the report will entirely exonerate Senators Hunt and Kyle in the matter.

## Suicide of a Well-Known Kansan.

St. Marys, Kan., May 25.—James Marks, once a wealthy cattle man of this county, killed himself with a Winchester rifle yesterday afternoon. Financial troubles are supposed to have actuated the deed.

## Presidential Party Returns.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—President Cleveland, Secretaries Gresham and Carlisle and Captain Evans returned to Washington yesterday from their shooting and fishing trip in North Carolina waters.

## LEAD OUT OF TOWN.

Leavenworth Excited Over Invading Missouri Miners.

Bells Rang Out the Alarm Calling Out Citizens.

## TEMPEST IN A TEAPOT.

The Sheriff Conducted the Miners Quietly Away.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., May 25.—There was intense excitement in this city yesterday afternoon. At 4:20 o'clock the court house bell rang out the alarm signal which had been agreed upon Wednesday, and every one knew that the army of striking coal miners from Ray and Lafayette counties, Missouri, had entered the city.

Almost instantly the streets were alive with armed men hurrying to the court house to be sworn in as special deputies. Thousands of citizens gathered along Fourth street, known as the Kansas City road, to await the arrival of the invading forces.

Shortly after 4 p. m. the head of the advance column appeared. The men were marching briskly four abreast, and so far from being the blood-thirsty wretches that had been popularly expected, they looked positively forlorn, and scarcely one of those who saw them could help a feeling of compassion for them.

At their head marched two color-bearers, carrying the national standard, and between them marched Captain Phil Vail, stumping along painfully on his wooden leg. There was a trifle over 100 men in the command, and everyone of them had been drenched to the skin by the hard shower that had just passed. The thick coating of dust gathered during the three days' march, had caked into mud, and altogether the army presented an aspect that was positively pitiful.

As the column passed between the throngs of spectators, it made a feeble attempt at enthusiasm, and gave several cheers, but the shouts lacked strength, and were painfully artificial. To the intense surprise of the assembled citizens, the rear of the column was brought up by Sheriff Rothenberger and a score of deputies, all plainly on the best of terms with the invaders and evidently making no attempt to interfere with their progress.

Then it developed that the strikers were really in the charge of the sheriff and were simply passing through the city to the new bridge by which they would cross the river and march back to their homes through Missouri—the shortest route. The expedition had been given up altogether. Half of the invaders were already turned back under General Ryan and marching to Kansas City by the road they had come.

Upon getting the strikers well on the bridge, Sheriff Rothenberger halted them and made them a little speech, thanking them for keeping their word with him and congratulating them upon the avoidance of all trouble. The men were then marched across the bridge, where they were furnished supper by the sheriff, and the possibility of any trouble was passed.

When Sheriff Rothenberger and his deputy started to meet the strikers they were thrown off the track by the strikers changing their original plan of march, the latter having concluded to come to Leavenworth by what is known as the river road. It was not until late in the afternoon, therefore, that the sheriff caught up with them at Pope station, on the Missouri Pacific railroad.

A stormy time followed, with speech making, until the strikers finally agreed to abandon their Leavenworth movement.

The command of strikers, however, separated, fully one-half turning back at Pope station to retrace their steps to Missouri via Kansas City, while the other half proceeded to this city and was disposed of as related above.

## WITH OPEN DOORS.

Sensational Testimony in the Armor Plate Fraud Investigation.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The congressional investigation into frauds and irregularities in naval armor plate began yesterday with open doors. Representative Dunphy stated his information came from documents sent to the departments from official papers and from the newspapers.

In conclusion Mr. Dunphy said: "My information is the defective plates will be found on the Oregon, the Machias, the Castine, the Monache, the Cincinnati, the Terror, the New York and the Monterey, and that the exact position of the plates on these vessels can be located by the parties who made the complaint, and whose names the committee will be able to obtain from the evidence on file in the office of the secretary of the navy."

## JUDGE ELLIS NAMED.

Nominated by the Republicans of the Sixth Kansas District for Congress.

PHILLIPSBURG, Kan., May 25.—The congressional convention, which has been in session in this city for two days, finished its work last evening at 8:12 o'clock by the nomination of Judge A. H. Ellis of Beloit. The nomination was made on the fifty-fifth ballot, which stood as follows: Ellis, 50; Simpson, 32; White, 16; Tilton, 7.

## Cleveland Interested in a Gold Mine.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Col., May 25.—A half interest in the Caledonia mine has been sold to Willard Ward, S. Z. Dixon and Dr. Ward, of New York city. Dr. Ward is a political friend of Grover Cleveland, and is said to have represented the president in this transaction.

## Born.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Roubush, 1111 Madison street, are the parents of a boy, born Tuesday.

## MISSOURI A. P. A.

Governor Stone Replies to Charges Made by Their Papers.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 25.—The A. P. A. papers coming to the state capital are full of complaints on account of the A. P. A. resolutions adopted at the Kansas City convention, and are especially severe on Governor Stone as the supposed author of the resolution. When seen yesterday Governor Stone spoke as follows: "I care nothing about all this twaddle. In the first place I didn't write or dictate the so-called A. P. A. resolution in the state platform. I heartily indorse it, but I did not write it. I was not even on the committee which reported it. I understand that Mr. Kehr of St. Louis presented the resolution to the committee, and that it was unanimously adopted by the committee as it was by the convention. The resolution is all right, and I affirm it."

"I have no quarrel with the A. P. A. as individuals. I am positively and unqualifiedly opposed to the effort they are making to inject religious intolerance into political affairs. I am opposed to making any religious test of citizenship, and I hate any kind of proscription, and on this rock I take my stand. It is somewhat remarkable and somewhat amusing that these A. P. A. newspapers should concentrate their entire fight on me for a resolution which I did not write or dictate, and which came from a committee of which I was not a member, but the resolution is all right, and I am perfectly willing to take the credit of it."

## ADJOURNED TO JULY 10.

The Olathe Deadlock Convention to Meet in Lawrence—Nearly 900 Ballots.

OLATHE, Kas., May 25.—The Republican convention met yesterday morning and took 155 ballots, making 882. The last ballot stood Funston, 40; Smart, 12; Howard, 18; Parker, 11; Buchan, 45. A conference committee of one from each county was appointed during the recess and on the reassembling of the convention they submitted the following report: We, your committee of conference, having had under consideration the problem concerning this convention, would respectfully recommend that the convention do now adjourn to meet at 4:30 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, July 10, 1894, in the City of Lawrence, Kan. Respectfully submitted.

CHARLES F. SOTT, Secretary. E. T. METCALF, Chairman.

The report of the committee was adopted and the convention adjourned. Most of the delegates left on the evening train.

## Locusts and Army Worms.

WEST PLAINS, Mo., May 25.—Howell county has not escaped the ravages of the locusts and army worms. They both are here in great numbers. The former are injuring fruit and forest trees alike, in many instances stinging them to death. In the southern part of the county the trees are literally covered with them. The army worms are getting in their work on the meadows and are sweeping them clean of everything green. The damage from both the pests is incalculable. Cold weather lately has given the locusts a great setback and some are dying.

## May Be Lynched.

NEOSHO, Mo., May 25.—The two men charged with the Southwest City bank robbery arrested at Fairland, I. T., are J. E. Winn and John Sparks. At Pineville, where they were taken to jail, J. E. Winn was identified as one of the robbers and also the man who shot and killed ex-Senator Joseph Seaburn. John Sparks is also identified as one of the robbers. Officers are still in pursuit of the remaining five robbers, and their arrest is hourly expected. Excitement runs high and it is believed both Winn and Sparks will be lynched.

## A CRAZY QUILT OF SONGS.

Springtime's come again, gentle Annie, Casey's at the bat. Hark, I hear an angel sing, Where did you get that hat?

Won't you tell me why, Robin, I'm saddest when I sing Sweet violet, where's your honey, The flowers that bloom in spring?

Some days must be dark and dreary, Wait till the clouds roll by, Isabella, with the gingham umbrella, Goodby, sweetheart, goodby.

I stood on the bridge at midnight (True love can never die), My sweetheart's the man in the moon, Say, how is that for high?

How are you off for stamps? Take me, Jamie, Jamie, dear, I'd offer thee this kind of mine If I had but a thousand year.

We never speak as we pass by, Here's a pretty how-do-do, Take back the heart that thou gavest, I would—wouldn't you?

What's this dull town to me? I'm getting a big boy now, The old home ain't what it used to be, Daddy wouldn't buy me a bow-wow.

Oh, what a difference in the morning! It's funny when I feel that way, I had fifteen dollars in my inside pocket, But it's ever so far away.

What are the wild waves saying? Said I to myself, said I, Down went McGinty to the bottom of the sea, Goodby, my lover, goodby.

Won't you tell me, Mollie darling, I'd really like to know, Who is Gallagher— Why don't he let her go?

Say au revoir, but not goodby, Don't go, Tommy, don't go, The day is done, the cat came back, Listen to my tale of woe.

I'll take you home again, Kathleen, When the band begins to play, The song that brings back heart— "The Tra-la Boom-de-ay."

If ever I cease to love, Don't feel tender and true, I'll hang my harp on a willow tree And paddle my own canoe. —New York World.

Charlie—Good steak. Where did you get it? Billie—Yes, the best in town. At Whitney's.

Charlie—Where is that? Billie—At Whittier's old stand, 780 Kansas avenue.

To restore gray hair to its natural color in youth, cause it to grow abundant and strong, there is no better preparation than Hall's Hair Renewer.

## SATURDAY,

always a special bargain day with us, will be a "HUMMER" tomorrow. We propose to retail some goods at actual wholesale rates.

150 CENTS SPENT IN OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT TOMORROW ENTITLES YOU TO ONE OF OUR Misfit Puzzles. A WHOLE MINE OF AMUSEMENT. WILL YOU GET ONE?

Men's full size Tennis Flannel Shirts, ordinary retail price 50 cents.

TOMORROW 29 CTS

Men's all wool Spring Suits, made of best known Cassimeres, Cheviots, Treeds and Worsteds.

TOMORROW \$12.50

TO REDUCE STOCK.

Right up to the times in make, fit and style, worth \$16.50 and \$18.00.

Our suit sales are simply incomparable. This is our most liberal offer yet, and suit buyers must be astir.

Four-in-Hand Silk Ties of the choicest weaves and colorings. Retailed everywhere at 75c and \$1.00. Your pick

TOMORROW 48 CTS

Mother's Friend Shirt Waists, of best French Percales; other concerns selling them at \$1.25. Ours are all new.

TOMORROW 88 CTS

See Patterns in Window.

Do you need a pair of Trousers—

We will supply you with a pair of genteel all wool hair line, check or stripe Pants, worth \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50

TOMORROW \$2.98

BASE BALL OUTFITS FREE WITH EVERY SUIT PURCHASED FROM \$2.50 UP. CONSISTS OF HARDWOOD BAT, BALL, CAP AND BELT.

We will sell a big lot of \$4.50 and \$5.00 Boys' Knee Pant Suits, and the base ball outfit besides.

TOMORROW - \$3.68

Creme Windsor Ties, Satine Windsor Ties and Grenadine Windsor Ties, retail at 15 and 20 cents.

TOMORROW - 5 CTS

## A MANUFACTURER OF

## Ladies' Capes

Has just expressed to us a consignment of new stylish Capes, with instructions to close them out at HALF the RETAIL PRICE. These beautiful garments come in Blue, Brown, Tan, Pearl and Black, and the regular values are from \$3.50 to \$15.00.

THEY CAN BE BOUGHT FOR ONE-HALF.

Yours for Saturday Bargains and BARGAINS ALL THE TIME.

S. S. Barnum & Co.

617 AND 619 KANSAS AVE.

## TO RELEASE THE ARMY.

Only Sanders and His Engineer and Fireman to Be Prosecuted.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., May 25.—General Sanders last evening received the following telegram from Attorney Waters, at Topeka:

"District Attorney Perry offers to let the men go on their own recognizance except yourself, engineer and fireman, for whom bond would be given. What do you say?" Sanders said he would accept the compromise and would wire his attorney.

## Keep Trying.

The storekeeper who expects to do much business in 1894 must practice the lesson taught in the following story: "Two frogs found themselves in a pail of milk and they could not jump out. One of them was for giving up and said to the other, 'Good by; I sink, I die.' Said his mate, 'Brace up, you dunder! Keep a jumpin' and see what turns up.' So they kept jumping up and down all night and by morning had so churned the milk that it turned to butter, and they jumped off the better to the ground." Applied to business the fable means this: If you want the business of 1894 to exceed that of 1893, "keep a jumpin'." Don't cry, "I sink, I die!" The merchant who continues looking for bad times will not survive to see good times. The man who keeps a jumpin' will see good times first. Carry a level head, buy standard goods and keep a good clean stock, an attractive store and advertise with bright, attractive daily ads.—Exchange.

Pure blood means good health. Re-inforce it with Dr. Witt's Sarsaparilla. It purifies the blood, cures Eruptions, Eczema, Scrofula and all diseases arising from impure blood. It recommends itself, J. K. Jones.

## Fort Riley.

Special train will leave Topeka for Fort Riley, May 30th, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., returning 9 o'clock p. m. \$2 for the round trip.

For all information call at 525 Kansas avenue or depot office North Topeka.

Every year increases the popularity of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for all pulmonary troubles.

The STATE JOURNAL'S Want and Miscellaneous columns reach each working day in the week more than twice as many Topeka people as can be reached through any other paper. This is a fact.

## EXCURSION TO FORT RILEY.

MAY 30TH, 1894.

A fine programme arranged for the entertainment of visitors. Special train will leave Topeka 10 a. m., two hours run to Fort Riley, returning 9 p. m.

Shirts mended by the Peerless.

Peerless Steam Laundry—Peerless Steam Laundry.

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